

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname	Other names
<b>Pearson Edexcel International GCSE</b>	
Centre Number	Candidate Number
Time 2 hours	<b>Paper reference</b>
<b>4PM1/01</b>	
<b>Further Pure Mathematics</b> <b>PAPER 1</b>	
	
<b>Calculators may be used.</b>	Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page.  
Anything you write on the formulae page will gain **NO** credit.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Good luck with your examination.

*Turn over* ►

P66026RA

©2021 Pearson Education Ltd.

1/1/1/1/1/1/1



  
Pearson

## International GCSE in Further Pure Mathematics Formulae sheet

### Mensuration

**Surface area of sphere** =  $4\pi r^2$

**Curved surface area of cone** =  $\pi r \times \text{slant height}$

**Volume of sphere** =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

### Series

#### Arithmetic series

Sum to  $n$  terms,  $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n - 1)d]$

#### Geometric series

Sum to  $n$  terms,  $S_n = \frac{a(1 - r^n)}{(1 - r)}$

Sum to infinity,  $S_\infty = \frac{a}{1 - r}$   $|r| < 1$

#### Binomial series

$(1 + x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n - 1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots + \frac{n(n - 1)\dots(n - r + 1)}{r!}x^r + \dots$  for  $|x| < 1, n \in \mathbb{Q}$

### Calculus

#### Quotient rule (differentiation)

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right) = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

### Trigonometry

#### Cosine rule

In triangle  $ABC$ :  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A - B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

### Logarithms

$$\log_a x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b a}$$



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Answer all ELEVEN questions.**

**Write your answers in the spaces provided.**

**You must write down all the stages in your working.**

- 1 The roots of the equation  $4x^2 - 3x - 8 = 0$  are  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

Without solving this equation, form a quadratic equation, with integer coefficients, which has roots  $\frac{1}{\alpha}$  and  $\frac{1}{\beta}$

(7)



3

**Turn over ►**

2

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + (p - 1)x - 2p \quad \text{where } p \text{ is a constant.}$$

Find the set of values of  $p$  for which the equation  $f(x) = 0$  has two distinct real roots.

(5)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

## Question 2 continued

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)



3

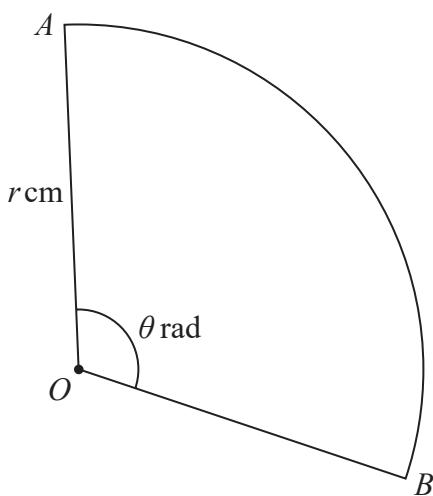


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows the sector  $AOB$  of a circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $r \text{ cm}$ , where  $r$  is an integer. The size of angle  $AOB$  is  $\theta$  radians.

The sector has an area of  $16.8 \text{ cm}^2$  and a perimeter of  $16.4 \text{ cm}$ .

Calculate

- (i) the value of  $r$
- (ii) the value of  $\theta$

(8)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

### Question 3 continued

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(Total for Question 3 is 8 marks)



4

$$y = \frac{\sin 2x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 9}} \quad |x| > 3$$

Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2(x^2 - 9)\cos 2x - x \sin 2x}{\sqrt{(x^2 - 9)^3}}$

(5)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

#### Question 4 continued

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)



5 Solve the equation

$$\log_3 \sqrt{x - 5} + \log_9(x + 3) - 1 = 0$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(7)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 5 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**(Total for Question 5 is 7 marks)**



6 The volume of a sphere with radius  $r$  cm is increasing at a constant rate of  $3 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$ .

Find the rate, in  $\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ , at which the surface area of the sphere is increasing when  $r = 10$

(6)

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

### Question 6 continued

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)



7

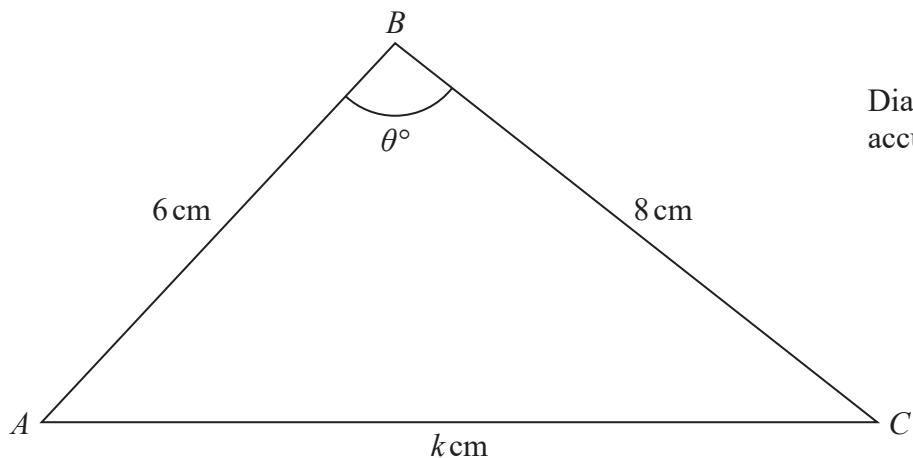


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

**Figure 2**

Figure 2 shows triangle  $ABC$

$$AB = 6 \text{ cm} \quad BC = 8 \text{ cm} \quad AC = k \text{ cm} \quad \angle ABC = \theta^\circ$$

(a) Show that  $\cos \theta^\circ = \frac{100 - k^2}{96}$

(2)

The area of triangle  $ABC$  is  $\sqrt{455}$   $\text{cm}^2$

(b) Find the two possible values of  $k$

(7)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 7 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA





DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

### Question 7 continued

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(Total for Question 7 is 9 marks)



8

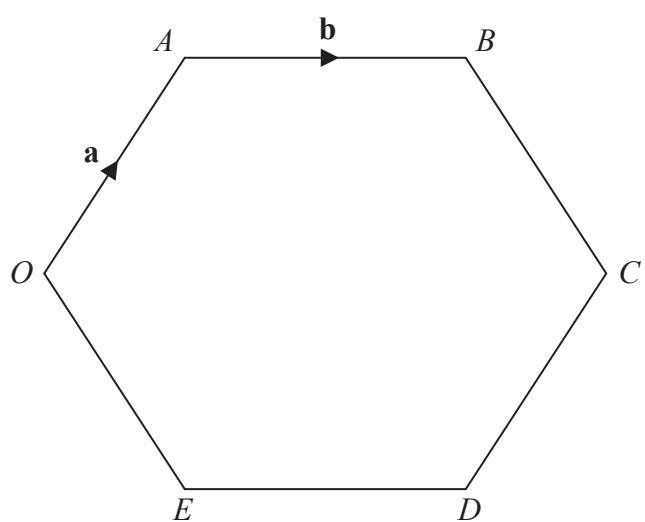


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

**Figure 3**

Figure 3 shows the regular hexagon  $OABCDE$  with  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{b}$

(a) Find  $\overrightarrow{OB}$  in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  (1)

(b) Find  $\overrightarrow{BC}$  as a simplified expression in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  (3)

The point  $M$  divides  $BC$  in the ratio  $2:1$

(c) Find  $\overrightarrow{OM}$  as a simplified expression in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  (2)

The point  $Y$  is such that  $OMY$  and  $ABY$  are straight lines.

(d) Use a vector method to find  $AB:BY$  (5)

The area of hexagon  $OABCDE$  is  $60\text{ cm}^2$

(e) Find the area of triangle  $OAY$  (4)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 8 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA





DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 8 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**(Total for Question 8 is 15 marks)**



9 (a) Show that  $\sum_{r=1}^n (5r - 1) = \frac{n}{2}(3 + 5n)$  (3)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, evaluate  $\sum_{r=10}^{20} (5r - 1)$  (3)

The sum of the first  $n$  terms of an arithmetic series is  $S_n$  where  $S_n = \sum_{r=1}^n (5r - 1)$

The  $r$ th term of this series is  $u_r$

Given that  $S_n = 12u_{n+1} + 52$

(c) find the value of  $n$  (5)



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 9 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



### Question 9 continued

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 9 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

(Total for Question 9 is 11 marks)



10

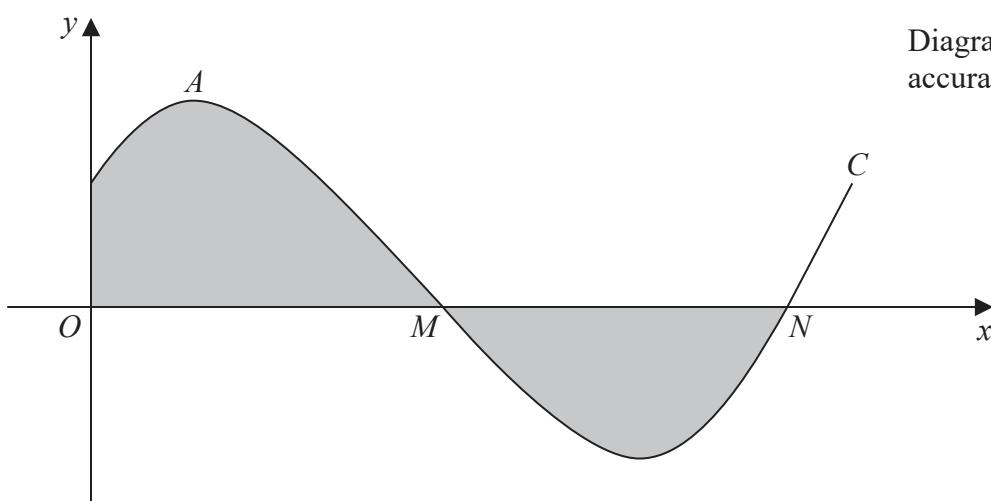


Figure 4

Figure 4 shows the curve  $C$  with equation  $y = \frac{1}{2} + \sin 3x$  where  $0 \leq x < \frac{2\pi}{3}$

The curve  $C$  crosses the  $x$ -axis at the points  $M$  and  $N$

- (a) Show that the coordinates of  $M$  are  $\left(\frac{7\pi}{18}, 0\right)$  and find the coordinates of  $N$

(3)

The curve  $C$  has a maximum at the point  $A$

- (b) Find the coordinates of  $A$

(4)

- (c) Find an equation of the tangent to  $C$  at  $M$

Give your answer in the form  $ay + b\sqrt{3}x - c\sqrt{3}\pi = 0$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are integers to be found.

(4)

The finite region, shown shaded in Figure 4, is bounded by the curve  $C$ , the  $y$ -axis and the part of the  $x$ -axis from  $O$  to  $N$

- (d) Use algebraic integration to find, to 3 significant figures, the total area of the shaded region.

(4)



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 10 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



**Question 10 continued**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 10 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**(Total for Question 10 is 15 marks)**



**11**

$$f'(x) = ax^2 - 14x - 10 \quad \text{where} \quad a \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Given that  $(x - 4)$  is a factor of  $f(x)$  and that when  $f(x)$  is divided by  $(x + 1)$  the remainder is 25

- (a) show that  $a = 6$

(6)

- (b) Hence use algebra to solve the equation  $f(x) = 0$

(6)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**Question 11 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



**Question 11 continued**

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

**(Total for Question 11 is 12 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS**

